

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL (A Component Unit of the State of Delaware) WILMINGTON, DELAWARE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2025

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL (A Component Unit of the State of Delaware)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	5
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Entity-wide Financial Statements:	
Statements of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities	18
Statements of Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Fund	19
Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Fund	20
Notes to Financial Statements	21
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	44
Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	45
Schedule of School Pension Contributions	46
Schedule of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	47
Schedule of School OPEB Contributions	48

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL (A Component Unit of the State of Delaware)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining Balance Sheet - General Fund	49
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund	50
Schedule of Expenditures by Natural Classification - Governmental Funds	51
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	52
Oovernineni Addiing oldiiddids	52



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

October 9, 2025

Board of Directors Delaware Military Academy Charter School Wilmington, Delaware

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Delaware Military Academy Charter School ("the School"), Wilmington, Delaware, a component unit of the State of Delaware, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Delaware Military Academy Charter School, Wilmington, Delaware, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The School's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Board of Directors
Delaware Military Academy Charter School

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Notes 1 and 13 to the financial statements, the School has adopted the requirements of GASB Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences." The purpose of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. As a result, the School has restated its governmental activities net position as of July 1, 2024. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the School's 2024 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated October 8, 2024. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 12, and the budgetary comparison schedule - general fund, schedule of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of School pension contributions, schedule of the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and schedule of School OPEB contributions on pages 44 through 48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The combining balance sheet - general fund, combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - general fund, and schedule of expenditures by natural classification - governmental funds are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining balance sheet - general fund, combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - general fund, and schedule of expenditures by natural classification - governmental funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining balance sheet - general fund, combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - general fund, and schedule of expenditures by natural classification - governmental funds are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 9, 2025, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Barbacane, Thornton & Company LLP
BARBACANE, THORNTON & COMPANY LLP



Our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Delaware Military Academy Charter School ("the School") provides an overview of the School's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2025, which is the School's twenty-second full year of operation. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditor's report and the School's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The School's net position decreased by \$285,313, and general revenues accounted for \$8,465,235 or 93.4% of total revenues.

USING THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual financial report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so that the reader can understand the School as a whole and then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

One of the most important questions asked about School finances is, "Is the school better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the School as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps to answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector corporations. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School's net deficit and changes in net deficit. The change in net deficit provides the reader with a tool to assist in determining whether the School's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader will need to consider other nonfinancial factors such as student enrollment stability and facility conditions in arriving at a conclusion regarding the overall health of the School.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the School's major funds and fund financial statements provides detailed information about the most significant funds - not the School as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State statute, while other funds are established by the School to help manage money for particular purposes and compliance with various grant provisions.

Governmental Funds

All of the School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual method of accounting, which measures cash and other

financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the School's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. Activities related to capital assets, long-term debt, and compensated absences are the primary reconciling items.

Fiduciary Funds

The School is a fiduciary for its student and other activity assets that, due to a fiduciary arrangement, can be used only for student activities. All of the School's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the School's other financial statements since these assets may not be utilized by the School to finance its operations.

ENTITY-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the School, assets and deferred outflows of resources were exceeded by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting in a deficit of \$9,589,911 at the close of the fiscal year. A comparative net position analysis of fiscal years 2025 and 2024 follows:

Table 1 NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities		
	2025	2024	
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Current and other assets:			
Cash and pooled cash	\$ 4,663,086	\$ 5,244,082	
Investments	105,899	95,065	
Total Current Assets	4,768,985	5,339,147	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Land	2,987,665	2,987,665	
Construction-in-progress	168,836	-	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	14,567,272	15,176,465	
Right-to-use assets, net of amortization	28,029	40,042	
Due from State of Delaware	339,870	287,002	
Total Noncurrent Assets	18,091,672	18,491,174	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amount on refunding	1,832,369	1,908,718	
Deferred outflows - pension	1,678,205	1,813,157	
Deferred outflows - OPEB	2,490,309	2,988,599	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,000,883	6,710,474	
TOTAL AGGETS AND DEFENDED OUTELOWS OF DEGOLIDOES	00 004 540	00 540 705	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	28,861,540	30,540,795	

Table 1 NET POSITION

	Governmenta	al Activities
(cont'd)	2025	2024
LIABILÍTIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,		
AND NET POSITION (DEFICIT)		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	87,184	19,690
Accrued salaries and related costs	1,088,887	1,001,044
Compensated absences	218,620	184,309
Bonds and notes payable, net	413,626	404,247
Lease liability	12,181_	11,963
Total Current Liabilities	1,820,498	1,621,253
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Compensated absences	327,031	276,464
Bonds and notes payable, net	17,914,705	18,328,331
Lease liability	16,588	28,769
Net pension liability	2,315,379	2,416,136
Net OPEB liability	11,622,750_	12,270,630
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	32,196,453	33,320,330
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows - pension	87,515	71,121
Deferred inflows - OPEB	4,346,985	4,832,689
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,434,500	4,903,810
		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)		
Net investment in capital assets	1,227,071	1,339,580
Restricted	153,502	202,798
Unrestricted (deficit)	(10,970,484)	(10,846,976)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (9,589,911)	\$ (9,304,598)

Table 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities			ities		
	2025				2024	
REVENUES			-			
General revenue:						
Charges to school districts	\$	2,371,847		\$	2,392,107	
Payments from primary government		5,813,858			5,221,828	
Earnings (loss) on investments		279,530			215,908	
Program revenue:						
Charges for services		99,883			96,131	
Operating grants and contributions		496,316			807,195	
Capital grants and contributions		2,917	_		500	
TOTAL REVENUES		9,064,351	_		8,733,669	

Table 2
CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmenta	l Activities
(cont'd)	2025	2024
EXPENSES		
Instructional services	6,867,890	6,737,340
Support services:		
Operation and maintenance of facilities	1,431,764	1,893,754
Transportation	408,022	6,015
Food service	142,546	137,626
Interest on long-term debt	499,442	509,798
TOTAL EXPENSES	9,349,664	9,284,533
CHANGE IN NET DEFICIT	\$ (285,313)	\$ (550,864)

Governmental Activities

Net deficit of the School's governmental activities increased by \$285,313.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The table below reflects the cost of program services and the net cost of those services after taking into account the program revenues for governmental activities. General revenues that include charges to school districts, earnings on cash and investments, and state entitlements must support the net cost of the School's programs.

	20)25	2024		
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost	
Governmental Activities					
Instructional services	\$ 6,867,890	\$ 6,368,657	\$ 6,737,340	\$ 5,929,645	
Support services:					
Operation and maintenance of facilities	1,431,764	1,431,764	1,893,754	1,893,754	
Transportation	408,022	408,022	6,015	6,015	
Food service	142,546	42,663	137,626	41,495	
Interest on long-term debt	499,442	499,442	509,798	509,798	
Total Expenses	\$ 9,349,664	\$ 8,750,548	\$ 9,284,533	\$ 8,380,707	

The reliance on general revenues to support governmental activities is indicated by the net services column reflecting the need for \$8,750,548 of support.

THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

The School's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet) as of June 30, 2025 reported a combined fund balance of \$3,592,914 compared to last year's total fund balance of \$4,318,413.

Governmental Funds

The School's fund balances decreased overall due to increased instructional services in the current year. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and balance of governmental activities.

REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Total Governmental Funds		
	2025	2024	
REVENUES			
Charges to school districts	\$ 2,371,847	\$ 2,392,107	
State aid	5,598,089	5,263,897	
Federal aid	162,901	194,476	
Food service	99,883	96,131	
Cadet fees	230,330	249,958	
Contributions	268,903	215,908	
Gain (loss) on investments	279,530	398,193	
TOTAL REVENUES	9,011,483	8,810,670	
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instructional services	7,276,093	6,866,004	
Operation and maintenance of facilities	962,083	1,147,705	
Transportation	408,022	6,015	
Food service	142,546	137,626	
Capital outlays:	,	.0.,020	
Property	89,299	296,859	
Equipment	31,599	27,724	
Debt service:	- 1,000	,	
Principal	404,247	393,923	
Interest	423,093	433,449	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,736,982	9,309,305	
NET CHANCE IN EUROP DAI ANGEO	(705 (00)	(400.005)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(725,499)	(498,635)	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,318,413	4,817,048	
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 3,592,914	\$ 4,318,413	

The increase in revenues for the year was mainly due to increased revenue from state sources.

Expenditures exceeded revenues by \$725,499.

General Fund

The general fund is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund had a fund balance of \$3,439,412 at June 30, 2025. This was a \$676,203 decrease from the prior year. The decrease in fund balance of the general fund is due mainly to transfers out to the Capital Projects and Seahawk CLS funds to cover debt obligations. The decrease is also attributed to costs associated with the sewer project, other minor capital projects, and increased costs in health coverage and timing of some fees.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund had a fund balance of \$105,156 at June 30, 2025. This was a \$49,278 decrease from the prior year. The Capital Projects Fund was financed by transfers from other funds.

Seahawk CLS Fund

Seahawk CLS LLC is a blended component unit of the School. It had a fund balance of \$48,346 at June 30, 2025. This was a \$18 decrease from the prior year. The Seahawk CLS Fund is funded by transfers from the General Fund, and is utilized to pay the debt service related to the School property.

GENERAL FUND BUDGET INFORMATION

The School's General Fund budget is prepared in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. The School may amend its revenue and expenditure estimates periodically due to changing conditions. The budget is presented as amended.

The following are explanations for the more significant variances between budget versus actual revenues and expenditures as shown on page 44.

Revenues

Charges to School Districts

An unfavorable variance of \$392,153 is attributed to the number of students attending the School from the various school districts and the rates charged for each student by district. The rates charged for each student are dependent on the prior year expenditures for each district.

State and Federal Aid

A favorable variance of \$317,026 results from the timing of recognition of federal funds. Federal funds are recognized when they are spent. These funds are typically 15-month grants, and their start/end

dates do not align with the fiscal year. More federal funds will be spent in the next fiscal year to obligate the funds prior to the grants' various expiration dates.

Cadet Fees

An unfavorable variance of \$174,170 is attributed to timing. Enrollment letters for new students, and re-enrollment letters for returning students were mailed to families over the summer and not in the spring, as they were in previous years.

Contributions

An unfavorable variance of \$233,403 is attributed to timing of letters (similar to cadet fees above) as well as the School not receiving any outside grants or contributions in the current fiscal year.

Expenditures

Salaries

An unfavorable variance of \$359,610 is largely attributed to increased salaries for staff to stay competitive with surrounding school districts as well as increasing the total staff positions in the current year.

Benefits and Employment Costs

An unfavorable variance of \$387,715 is largely attributed to the School having rising benefit costs and an increased number of total staff members in the current year.

Contractual Services

A favorable variance of \$541,514 is largely attributed less instructional services in the current year.

Repairs and Maintenance

An unfavorable variance of \$202,311 is largely attributed to the School requiring more maintenance than expected, minor capital projects, and completion of the sewer project.

Supplies and Materials

An unfavorable variance of \$965,384 is attributed to needing more supplies than the prior year. These expenses included but were not limited to the replacement of outdated materials, textbooks, smartboards and licensing renewals. The School is committed to ensuring that students have the appropriate instructional materials to further enhance their educational experience.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The School has \$17,751,802 invested in capital assets and right-to-use assets net of depreciation/amortization. Acquisitions totaled \$218,476. Depreciation/amortization expense for the year totaled \$670,846. Detailed information regarding capital asset activity is included in the notes to the basic financial statements.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the current fiscal year, the School has total notes payable outstanding of \$18,328,331 and lease liability of \$28,769. The majority of this debt is a direct result of purchasing the School facility and the construction of the new monolithic dome building, and the lease liability is for a copier.

FACTORS EXPECTED TO HAVE AN EFFECT ON FUTURE OPERATIONS

Fiscal year 2025 was the twenty-second year of operation as a functioning school. In fiscal year 2020, the School completed construction on the football stadium. The stadium will house various school sports as well as provide a venue for various other events. The stadium will allow the School to host a wider range of athletic and other extracurricular events.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our fellow citizens, customers, parents, investors, potential investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the School's Chief Financial Officer at (302) 998-0745.



DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2025 AND 2024

	Governmental Activities		
	2025	2024	
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	·		
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and pooled cash	\$ 4,663,086	\$ 5,244,082	
Investments	105,899	95,065	
Total Current Assets	4,768,985	5,339,147	
NONCURRENT ASSETS:			
Land	2,987,665	2,987,665	
Construction-in-progress	168,836	-	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	14,567,272	15,176,465	
Right-to-use assets, net of amortization	28,029	40,042	
Due from State of Delaware	339,870	287,002	
Total Noncurrent Assets	18,091,672	18,491,174	
TOTAL ASSETS	22,860,657	23,830,321	
TOTAL AGGETO	22,000,007	20,000,021	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred amount on refunding	1,832,369	1,908,718	
Deferred outflows - pension	1,678,205	1,813,157	
Deferred outflows - Pension Deferred outflows - OPEB			
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,490,309	2,988,599	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	6,000,883	6,710,474	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	¢ 20 061 540	¢ 20 540 705	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>\$ 28,861,540</u>	\$ 30,540,795	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION (DEFICIT) CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$ 87,184	\$ 19,690	
Accrued salaries and related costs	1,088,887	1,001,044	
Compensated absences	218,620	184,309	
Notes payable	413,626	404,247	
Lease liability	12,181	11,963	
Total Current Liabilities	1,820,498	1,621,253	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Compensated absences	327,031	276,464	
Notes payable	17,914,705	18,328,331	
Lease liability	16,588	28,769	
Net pension liability	2,315,379	2,416,136	
Net OPEB liability	11,622,750	12,270,630	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	32,196,453	33,320,330	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	34,016,951	34,941,583	
TOTAL EIABILITIES	34,010,331	34,941,000	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred inflows - pension	87,515	71,121	
Deferred inflows - OPEB			
	4,346,985	4,832,689	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,434,500	4,903,810	
NET DOCITION (DEFICIT).			
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):	4 007 074	1 222 522	
Net investment in capital assets	1,227,071	1,339,580	
Restricted for:	105.153	454.404	
Capital projects	105,156	154,434	
Debt service	48,346	48,364	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(10,970,484)	(10,846,976)	
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	(9,589,911)	(9,304,598)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,			
AND NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	<u>\$ 28,861,540</u>	\$ 30,540,795	

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

(With Summarized Comparative Data for the Year Ended June 30, 2024)

			Program Revenues	S	Net (Expens	e) Revenue
			Operating	Capital		in Net Deficit
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		tals
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	2025	2024
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
Instructional services	\$ (6,867,890)	\$ -	\$ 496,316	\$ 2,917	\$ (6,368,657)	\$ (5,929,645)
Support services:						
Operation and maintenance of facilities	(1,431,764)	-	-	-	(1,431,764)	(1,893,754)
Transportation	(408,022)	-	-	-	(408,022)	(6,015)
Food service	(142,546)	99,883	-	-	(42,663)	(41,495)
Interest on long-term debt	(499,442)				(499,442)	(509,798)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (9,349,664)	\$ 99,883	\$ 496,316	\$ 2,917	(8,750,548)	(8,380,707)
		GENERAL REV	'ENUES			
		Charges to scho	-		2,371,847	2,392,107
			primary governmen	t	5,813,858	5,221,828
		Earnings (loss)			279,530	215,908
		• , ,	AL REVENUES		8,465,235	7,829,843
		CHANGE IN NE	T DEFICIT		(285,313)	(550,864)
		NET DEFICIT, E	BEGINNING OF YE	AR, RESTATED	(9,304,598)	(8,753,734)
		NET DEFICIT, E	END OF YEAR		\$ (9,589,911)	\$ (9,304,598)

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2025

(With Summarized Comparative Data for June 30, 2024)

	General	Capital Projects	Seahawk CLS	То	tals
	Fund	Fund	Fund	2025	2024
ASSETS Cash and pooled cash Investments	\$ 4,509,584 105,899	\$ 105,156 	\$ 48,346 	\$ 4,663,086 105,899	\$ 5,244,082 95,065
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,615,483	\$ 105,156	\$ 48,346	\$ 4,768,985	\$ 5,339,147
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued salaries and related benefits Total Liabilities	\$ 87,184 1,088,887 1,176,071	\$ - -	\$ - - -	\$ 87,184 1,088,887 1,176,071	\$ 19,690 1,001,044 1,020,734
FUND BALANCES: Committed Restricted Unassigned Total Fund Balances	783,760 - 2,655,652 3,439,412	105,156 - 105,156	48,346 	783,760 153,502 2,655,652 3,592,914	844,754 202,798 3,270,861 4,318,413
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 4,615,483	<u>\$ 105,156</u>	\$ 48,346	\$ 4,768,985	\$ 5,339,147

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2025

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ 3.592.914

The amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets and right-to-use assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization as detailed in the footnotes are included in the statement of net position.

17,751,802

Long-term assets (the reimbursement for compensated absences) applicable to governmental activities are not due and receivable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as fund assets.

Due from State of Delaware

339,870

Long-term liabilities applicable to the governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as fund liabilities. Those liabilities consist of:

Compensated absences	\$ (545,651)
Notes payable	(18,328,331)
Lease liability	(28,769)
Net pension liablity	(2,315,379)
Net OPEB liability	(11,622,750)

Refunded debt resulted in deferred outflows of resources which will be amortized over the life of new debt but do not represent current rights.

1,832,369

(32,840,880)

Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the School's net pension liability are based on the differences between actuarially determined actual and expected investment returns, changes in assumptions, differences in actual and expected experience, changes in the actuarially determined proportion of the School's amount of the total pension liability, and pension contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability. These amounts will be amortized over the estimated remaining average service life of the employees.

Deferred outflows - pension	1,678,205	
Deferred inflows - pension	(87,515)	1,590,690

Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the School's net OPEB liability are based on the differences between actuarially determined actual and expected investment returns, changes in the actuarially determined proportion of the School's amount of the total OPEB liability, and OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability. These amounts will be amortized over the estimated remaining average service life of the employees.

Deferred outflows - OPEB	2,490,309	
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(4,346,985)	(1,856,676)

TOTAL NET DEFICIT - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ (9,589,911)

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

(With Summarized Comparative Data for the Year Ended June 30, 2024)

	General	Capital Projects	Seahawk CLS	To	tals
	Fund	Fund	Fund	2025	2024
REVENUES					
Charges to school districts	\$ 2,371,847	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,371,847	\$ 2,392,107
State aid	5,598,089	-	-	5,598,089	5,263,897
Federal aid	162,901	-	-	162,901	194,476
Food service	99,883	=	-	99,883	96,131
Cadet fees	230,330	=	-	230,330	249,958
Gain (loss) on investments	279,530	-	-	279,530	215,908
Contributions	265,986	2,917		268,903	398,193
TOTAL REVENUES	9,008,566	2,917		9,011,483	8,810,670
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instructional services	7,276,093	=	-	7,276,093	6,866,004
Operation and maintenance of facilities	910,020	52,045	18	962,083	1,147,705
Transportation	408,022	=	-	408,022	6,015
Food service	142,546	-	-	142,546	137,626
Capital outlays:					
Property	89,149	150	-	89,299	296,859
Equipment	31,599	-	-	31,599	27,724
Debt service:					
Principal	-	147,561	256,686	404,247	393,923
Interest		109,179	313,914	423,093	433,449
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	8,857,429	308,935	570,618	9,736,982	9,309,305
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	151,137	(306,018)	(570,618)	(725,499)	(498,635)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	_	256,740	570,600	827,340	827,340
Transfers out	(827,340)	200,7 10	-	(827,340)	(827,340)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(827,340)	256,740	570,600	-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(676,203)	(49,278)	(18)	(725,499)	(498,635)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,115,615	154,434	48,364	4,318,413	4,817,048
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 3,439,412	\$ 105,156	\$ 48,346	\$ 3,592,914	\$ 4,318,413

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (725,499)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 are capitalized, and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which depreciation and amortization expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	
Capital outlays \$ 218,476 Depreciation and amortization expense \$ (670,846)	(452,370)
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities are not available to finance current expenditures and, therefore, are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	52,868
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., notes, bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Similarly, amortization of premium reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued for in the governmental funds but is recognized on the statement of net position; therefore, the change in accrual must be recognized.	
Payment of note principal 404,247	
Payment on lease 11,963 Amortization of deferred amount on refunding (76,349)	339,861
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	(84,878)
Pension expenses in the statement of activities differ from the amount reported in the governmental funds because pension expenses are recognized on the statement of activities based on the School's proportionate share of the expenses of the cost-sharing pension plan, whereas pension expenditures are recognized in the governmental funds when a requirement to remit contributions to the plan exists.	(50,589)
OPEB expenses in the statement of activities differ from the amount reported in the governmental funds because OPEB expenses are recognized on the statement of activities based on the School's proportionate share of the expenses of the cost-sharing plan, whereas OPEB expenditures are	625.204
recognized in the governmental funds when a requirement to remit contributions to the plan exists.	 635,294

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CHANGE IN NET DEFICIT - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ (285,313)

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUND JUNE 30, 2025 AND 2024

	Student Activities Fund		
	2025	2024	
ASSETS: Cash	\$ 52,339	\$ 53,631	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 52,339	\$ 53,631	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION: LIABILITIES Other current liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ - -	
NET POSITION Restricted for student activities	52,339	53,631	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 52,339	\$ 53,631	

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUND FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 AND 2024

	Student Activities Fund		
	2025	2024	
ADDITIONS Fundraising TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$ 50,620 50,620	\$ 43,590 43,590	
DEDUCTIONS Student activities TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	51,912 51,912	42,443 42,443	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,292)	1,147	
BEGINNING NET POSITION	53,631	52,484	
ENDING NET POSITION	\$ 52,339	\$ 53,631	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of the Charter School

The Delaware Military Academy Charter School is organized under Delaware Code, Title 14, Chapter 5 of the State of Delaware. The Charter School Law grants authority for independent public schools to be created for the purpose of increasing choices for parents of public school students and increasing academic performance. A charter school is an independent public school governed by an independent board of directors. In Delaware, charter schools have the same basic standing as a school district with some exceptions - most notably, they may not levy taxes. To encourage innovation, charter schools operate free from a number of state laws and regulations. The Delaware Military Academy Charter School's initial charter was granted for a three-year period, renewable every five years thereafter.

Charter schools are funded similarly to other public schools in that state and local funds are allocated for each enrolled student. Public funds are not provided for facilities. Charter schools may charge for selected additional costs consistent with those permitted by other school districts. Because charter schools receive local, state, and federal funds, they may not charge tuition.

The Delaware Military Academy Charter School was established in November 2002 but did not begin a regular school year until September 2003. The year 2025 was the twenty-second full year of operations, which was funded primarily with state and local funding based upon student enrollment.

The financial statements of the Delaware Military Academy Charter School have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the Delaware Military Academy Charter School ("the School") are described below.

Reporting Entity

The School is a special purpose government and is considered a component unit of the State of Delaware. A component unit, although a legally separate entity, is, in substance, part of the State of Delaware's operations.

Blended Component Unit

Seahawk CLS LLC is a nonprofit limited liability company established in April 2017 by the School for the purpose of supporting the School's future operations. The School is the sole corporate member of Seahawk CLS LLC. In accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 80, "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units," Seahawk CLS LLC is considered a blended component unit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (cont'd)

Entity-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The entity-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the School. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these financial statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. The major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Amounts reported or to be reported as program revenues include 1) charges to students for special fees, supplies, or services provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include charges to school districts.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Entity-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Charges to the School are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are billed. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Charges to the school districts, state appropriations, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the School receives cash.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (cont'd)

The School reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund The general fund is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts
 for all financial resources of the School, except those required to be accounted for in
 another fund.
- Capital Projects Fund This fund is used to account for the acquisition, construction, and renovation of major capital facilities and their related capital assets.
- Seahawk CLS Fund This fund is used to account for debt service.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds account for the assets held by the School as a trustee or agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or governmental units and are, therefore, not available to support the School's own programs. The School accounts for these assets in a custodial fund. The custodial fund accounts for funds held on behalf of students of the School. The custodial fund reports additions to and deductions from the custodial account. The measurement focus and basis of accounting for the custodial funds is the same as for entity-wide financial statements.

Cash and Pooled Cash

The School's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, as well as cash deposits held in an investment pool controlled by the personnel of the State Treasurer's Office in Dover, Delaware.

<u>Investments</u>

Investments are recorded at fair value.

In establishing the fair value of investments, the School uses the following hierarchy. The lowest level of valuation available is used for all investments.

Level 1 – Valuations based on quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Valuations based on quoted prices of similar products in active markets or identical products in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, directly or indirectly.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (cont'd)

Level 3 – Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Capital and Right-to-use Assets

Capital assets, which include a building, land improvements, furniture and fixtures, and equipment, are reported in the entity-wide financial statements. The School defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Right-to-use assets are defined as assets with term cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives of the assets are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest cost incurred during construction is not capitalized.

Capital assets of the School are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Right-to-use assets are amortized over the term of the lease. The School generally uses the following estimated useful lives:

Building 40 years
Land improvements 15 years
Furniture and fixtures 10 years
Equipment 7 years

Compensated Absences

Vacation pay plus related payroll taxes are accrued when incurred in the entity-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only when the liability matures, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. In addition, the State of Delaware Department of Education will reimburse the School for the liability.

Vacation – Twelve-month employees can accumulate up to 42 days of vacation. Any days in excess of 42 are dropped as of July 1 of each year. Employees are paid for unused vacation upon termination and/or retirement at the current rate of pay.

Sick Leave – Sick leave allowances are as follows: teachers shall be allowed 10 days of sick leave per year, and annual employees earn one day of sick leave for each month worked. Any unused sick days shall be accumulated to the employee's credit up to a maximum of 90 days. Compensation for accumulated sick days is received when employees (a) qualify and apply for state pension and are paid at a rate of 50% of the per diem rate of pay not to exceed 90 days; or (b) in the case of death, when payment is made to the employee's estate at a rate of one day's pay for each day of unused sick leave not to exceed 90 days.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (cont'd)

The compensated absences liability was \$545,651 at June 30, 2025, of which \$339,870 is reimbursable from the State.

Fund Equity

Fund balance is displayed in the following classification (if applicable) depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the School. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Directors.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The Commandant may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unassigned fund balances are available, the School considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the School considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board or the Commandant have provided otherwise in their commitment or assignment actions.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Any remaining

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

portions of net position are reflected as unrestricted. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Income Tax Status

The School is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, therefore, has no provision for federal income taxes. The School qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A) and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under Section 509(a)(1). The School did not engage in any unrelated business activities during the fiscal year. Management believes more likely than not that its tax-exempt status and tax positions will be sustained if examined by authorities.

Seahawk CLS LLC is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, therefore, has no provision for federal income taxes. The School qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(c)(2) and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under Section 509(a)(1). Seahawk CLS LLC did not engage in any unrelated business activities during the fiscal year. Management believes more likely than not that its tax-exempt status and tax positions will be sustained if examined by authorities.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The School reports deferred pension and OPEB contributions resulting from pension and OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension and OPEB liabilities, certain other items which represent differences related to changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities which will be amortized over future periods, and deferred amounts of refundings which are amortized over the life of the note. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a source of net position that applies to future periods. The School reports certain items which represent differences related to changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities which will be amortized over future periods.

<u>Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements</u>

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (cont'd)

and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year is presented in the basic financial statements to provide an understanding of changes in the School's financial position and operations. That comparative data is not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and has been restated and reclassified, as needed, from the presentation in the School's June 30, 2024 basic financial statements to be comparative with the current year presentation.

Implementation of GASB Statement

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the School implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences." The purpose of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences.

NOTE 2 CASH, POOLED CASH, AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

At June 30, 2025, the School had a cash and pooled cash balance of \$4,715,425. Of that amount, \$4,509,584 is part of an investment pool controlled by the personnel of the State Treasurer's Office in Dover, Delaware. All investment decisions are made by the State Treasurer's Office. These funds are considered to be highly liquid and available for immediate use and, thus, are recorded as cash equivalents in these financial statements.

The funds held by the State of Delaware investment pool, an internal investment pool, are specifically identified for the School, but the credit risk cannot be categorized for these funds. Credit risk for such investments depends on the financial stability of the State of Delaware. The State reports that its investment securities are stated at quoted market prices, except that investment securities with a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less are stated at cost or amortized cost.

At June 30, 2025, the reported amount of the School's deposits not held with the State Treasurer's Office was \$205,841, and the bank balance was \$206,408. All of the bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 2 CASH, POOLED CASH, AND INVESTMENTS (cont'd)

<u>Investments</u>

State statutes authorize the School to invest in U.S. government securities, government agency securities, certificates of deposit, time deposits and bankers' acceptances, corporate debt instruments, money market funds, and other similar instruments that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.

The School categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The School has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2025:

Investment Type	Fair Value	 evel 1
Westover Capital	\$ 105,899	\$ 105,899
TOTAL	\$ 105,899	\$ 105,899

The School's level 1 investments at Westover Capital include U.S and international equity ETFs, Fixed-income ETFs, Commodity ETFs.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral security that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2025, none of School's investments were subject to custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

The School's investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The School's investment policy does not limit its investment choices to those with certain credit ratings.

NOTE 3 <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2025 is as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Increase	Disposals	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated/ amortized:				
Land	\$ 2,987,665	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,987,665
Construction in progress		168,836		168,836
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated/Amortized	2,987,665	168,836	-	3,126,501
Capital assets being depreciated/ amortized:				
Buildings	21,296,136	-	-	21,296,136
Land improvements	522,083	-	-	522,083
Equipment	784,340	49,640	-	833,980
Right-to-use assets	63,065	-	-	63,065
Furniture and fixtures	457,034	-	-	457,034
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated/Amortized	23,122,658	49,640		23,172,298
Accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Buildings	(6,966,035)	(532,403)	-	(7,498,438)
Land improvements	(92,718)	(34,806)	-	(127,524)
Equipment	(509,402)	(70,365)	-	(579,767)
Right-to-use assets	(23,023)	(12,013)	-	(35,036)
Furniture and fixtures	(314,973)	(21,259)	-	(336,232)
Total accumulated depreciation/				
amortization	(7,906,151)	(670,846)	-	(8,576,997)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/				
Amortized, Net	15,216,507	(621,206)		14,595,301
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$18,204,172	\$ (452,370)	\$ -	\$17,751,802

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to the following activities:

Governmental Activities:

Instructional services Operation and maintenance of facilities	spece of facilities \$ 5	
	\$	670,846

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

On March 9, 2019, the School was issued a \$5,500,000 note through the United Stated States Department of Agriculture as part of the Community Facilities Loans and Grants program. The funds from this issuance were used to fully refund the Series of 2016 Revenue Bonds. The note

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (cont'd)

is secured by real estate and bears interest at a fixed rate of 2.375% per annum fixed for the life of the debt. The note matures on March 9, 2048. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2025 was \$4,516,569.

On August 27, 2020, Seahawk CLS LLC issued two notes in the amounts of \$9,000,000 and \$6,000,000. The notes are secured by real estate and bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.25% per annum fixed for the lives of the debts. The notes mature on August 27, 2060. The outstanding balances at June 30, 2025 were \$8,287,057 and \$5,524,705, respectively. The proceeds were used to purchase the property from the School.

Interest expense was \$499,442 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

An analysis of debt service requirements to maturity on this obligation is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 413,626	\$ 413,714	\$ 827,340
2027	423,223	404,117	827,340
2028	431,960	395,380	827,340
2029	443,063	384,277	827,340
2030	453,343	373,997	827,340
2031 - 2035	2,428,420	1,708,280	4,136,700
2036 – 2040	2,722,953	1,413,747	4,136,700
2041 - 2045	3,054,952	1,081,748	4,136,700
2046 – 2050	2,848,549	724,622	3,573,171
2051 – 2055	2,408,694	444,306	2,853,000
2056 - 2060	2,695,333	157,667	2,853,000
2061	4,215	8	4,223
Total	\$ 18,328,331	\$ 7,501,863	\$ 25,830,194

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities is as follows:

	Beginning 07/01/2024	Additions	Retirements	Outstanding 06/30/2025	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Notes payable	\$18,732,578	\$ -	\$ 404,247	\$18,328,331	\$ 413,626
Compensated absences	460,773	84,878	-	545,651	218,620
Lease liability	40,732	-	11,963	28,769	12,181
Net OPEB liability	12,270,630	-	647,880	11,622,750	-
Net pension liability	2,416,136		100,757	2,315,379	
Total	\$33,920,849	\$ 84,878	\$ 1,164,847	\$32,840,880	\$ 644,427

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (cont'd)

Notes payable are expected to be funded by the capital projects fund and Seahawk CLS fund. All other liabilities are expected to be funded by the general fund. Compensated absences changes are reported at net.

Lease Payable

The School has entered a leasing arrangement for copiers in August 2022. The monthly cost of the lease is \$1,050 for 63 months and is set to expire in October 2027.

The total principal and interest maturities are as follows:

For the Year Ending June 30,	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Total
2026	\$ 12,181	\$ 419	\$ 12,600
2027	12,402	198	12,600
2028	4,186	14_	4,200
Totals	\$ 28,769	\$ 631	\$ 29,400

NOTE 5 PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

School employees are considered state employees and are covered under the State of Delaware Employees' Pension Plan ("the Plan"), which is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan ("the State PERS") established in the Delaware Code. The Plan is administered by the Delaware Public Employees Retirement System ("DPERS").

The State of Delaware General Assembly is responsible for setting benefits and contributions, and amending plan provisions; administrative rules and regulations are adopted and maintained by the DPERS Board of Pension Trustees, which acts as the Board of Trustees ("the Board") for the Plan and is responsible for the financial management of the Plan.

The following are brief descriptions of the Plan in effect as of June 30, 2024. For a more complete description, please refer to the Delaware Employees' Pension Plan Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Separately issued financial statements for the Plan may be obtained by writing to the State of Delaware Public Employee Retirement System, McArdle Building, Suite 1, 860 Silver Lake Boulevard, Dover, DE 19904; by calling 1-800-722-7300; or by visiting the DPERS website at www.delawarepensions.com.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5 PENSION PLAN (cont'd)

Plan Description and Eligibility

The State Employees' Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan that covers virtually all full-time or regular part-time employees of the State, including employees of other affiliated entities.

There are two tiers within this plan: 1) employees hired prior to January 1, 2012 (Pre-2012), 2) employees hired on or after January 1, 2012 (Post-2011); employees classified as Correctional Officers or Specified Peace Officers.

Benefits Provided

Service Benefits

Final average monthly compensation (employees hired Post-2011 may not include overtime in pension compensation) multiplied by 2.0% and multiplied by years of credited service prior to January 1, 1997, plus final average monthly compensation multiplied by 1.85% and multiplied by years of credited service after December 31, 1996, subject to minimum limitations.

Vesting

Pre-2012 date of hire: 5 years of credited service. Post-2011 date of hire: 10 years of credited service (5 of which must be consecutive).

Retirement

Pre-2012 date of hire: Age 62 with five years of credited service; age 60 with 15 years of credited service; or after 30 years of credited service at any age. Post-2011 date of hire: age 65 with at least 10 years of credited service; age 60 with 20 years of credited service; and 30 years of credited service at any age.

Disability Benefits

Pre-2012 date of hire: Same as Service Benefits. Employee must have 5 years of credited service. In lieu of disability pension benefits, over 90% of the members of this plan opted into a Disability Insurance Program offered by the State effective January 1, 2006. Post-2011 date of hire; in the Disability Insurance Program.

Survivor and Burial Benefits

If employee is receiving a pension, the eligible survivor receives 50% of pension (or 67.7% with 2% reduction of benefit, 75% with 3% reduction of benefit, or 100% with 6% reduction of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5 PENSION PLAN (cont'd)

benefit); if employee is active with at least 5 years of credited service, eligible survivor receives 75% of pension the employee would have received at age 62.

Amount payable to a surviving spouse under age 50 at the time the survivor's pension begins shall be reduced for each month under 50 in accordance with actuarial tables approved by the Board. Any actuarial reduction for such a spouse shall, however, not apply for the period during which the spouse has in his or her care an unmarried child or children.

Burial benefits are established at \$7,000 per retired member.

Contributions

Member Contributions

Employees hired Pre-2012 contribute 3% of earnings in excess of \$6,000. Employees hired Post-2011 contribute 5% of earnings in excess of \$6,000.

Employer Contributions

Employer contributions are determined by the Board of Pension Trustees. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the rate of employer contribution was 12.43% of covered payroll. The School's contribution to PERS for the years ended June 30, 2025 was \$515,193.

PRI Contribution

All reporting units participating in the State PERS make contributions to a PRI fund which accumulates resources to fund ad hoc postretirement increases granted by the General Assembly. The increases are funded over a five-year period from the PRI fund. The allocation of the contribution from the PRI fund to the pension trust is a reduction of the net pension liability of each participating employer.

Pension Liability and Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2025, the School reported an liability of \$2,315,379 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the Plan's total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 to June 30, 2024. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated based on the actual contributions made during the measurement period in proportion to the total of all employer contributions made during the measurement period. At June 30, 2024, the School's proportion was 0.1483%, which was an decrease of 0.0059% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5 PENSION PLAN (cont'd)

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School recognized pension expense in the amount of \$565,782. At June 30, 2025, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		R	esources
Net difference between projected and	·			_
actual investment earnings	\$	449,042	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		109,680		-
Changes in proportions		70,124		87,515
Differences between actual and expected				
experience		534,166		-
Contributions subsequent to the date of				
measurement .		515,193		
		\$		
	1,311,7	78678,205	\$	87,515

<u>Pension Liability and Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

An amount of \$515,193 is reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from the School's contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2024 measurement date and will be recognized as an adjustment of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2026. Other amounts will be reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,

2026	\$ 57,438
2027	896,189
2028	61,991
2029	(2,450)
2030	62,329
	\$ 1,075,497
	Ψ 1,070, 4 77

Actuarial Assumptions

The collective total pension liability as of the June 30, 2024 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, and update procedures were used to roll

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5 PENSION PLAN (cont'd)

forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2024. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

- Investment return rate 7.0%, including inflation of 2.5%
- Projected salary increases 2.5% plus merit, including inflation of 2.5%
- Cost-of-living adjustments 0.0%

The total pension liability is measured based on assumptions pertaining to interest rates, inflation rates, and employee demographic behavior in future years. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the actual experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

Mortality assumptions are based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables with Gender Adjustments for Employees, Healthy Annuitants, and Disabled Retirees, as well as an adjusted version on MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale on a fully generational basis.

Projected benefit payments do not include the effects of projected ad hoc cost-of-living adjustments ("ad hoc COLAs"), as they are not substantively automatic. The primary considerations relevant to making this determination include the historical patterns of granting the changes and the consistency in the amounts of the changes.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by an asset allocation percentage, which is based on the nature and mix of current and expected plan investments, and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term	Target
	Expected Real	Asset
Asset Class	Rate of Return	Allocation
Domostic aguity	5.7%	33.6%
Domestic equity		
International equity	5.7%	13.9%
Fixed income	2.0%	25.3%
Alternative investments	7.8%	21.7%
Cash and equivalents	0.0%	5.5%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5 PENSION PLAN (cont'd)

Discount Rate

The discount used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at rates determined by the Board of Pension Trustees, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.0%) or one percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate.

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease 6.0%	Discount Rate 7.0%	Increase 8.0%
School's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 4,206,062	\$ 2,315,379	\$ 578,313

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the PERS' fiduciary net position is available in the PERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which can be found on the Plan's website at www.delawarepensions.com.

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

Plan Description

School employees are considered state employees and are covered under the State of Delaware Employees' Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Fund Trust ("the Plan"), which is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plan established by the Delaware Code.

The State of Delaware General Assembly is responsible for setting benefits and contributions, and amending plan provisions; administrative rules and regulations are adopted and

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (cont'd)

maintained by the DPERS Board of Pension Trustees, which acts as the Board of Trustees ("the Board") for the Plan and is responsible for the financial management of the Plan.

The following are brief descriptions of the Plan in effect as of June 30, 2024. For a more complete description, please refer to the Delaware Public Employees' Retirement System Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Separately issued financial statements for the Plan may be obtained by writing to the State of Delaware Public Employee Retirement System, McArdle Building, Suite 1, 860 Silver Lake Boulevard, Dover, DE 19904; by calling 1-800-722-7300; or by visiting the DPERS website at https://open.omb.delaware.gov/Financials.shtml.

Plan Description and Eligibility

The Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan that covers all employees of the State that are eligible to participate in the defined benefit pension plan, including employees of other affiliated entities.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical coverage to pensioners and their eligible dependents. The participant's cost of plan benefits is variable based on years of service. Pensioners who retire after July 1, 2012 and who become eligible for Medicare will pay an additional 5% of the Medicare Supplement offered by the State. Surviving spouses are eligible for coverage after a retiree's death.

Contributions

Employer Contributions

Participating employers fund the Plan for current retirees on a pay-as-you-go basis along with funding for future benefits at a rate that is approved in the annual budget, but not actuarially determined. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the rate of the employer contribution was 23.35% of covered payroll. The School's contribution to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2025 was \$967,866.

Other Postemployment Benefits Plan Liability and Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2025, the School reported a liability of \$11,622,750 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward the Plan's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 to June 30, 2024. The School's proportion of the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (cont'd)

net OPEB liability was calculated based on the actual contributions made during the measurement period in proportion to the total of all employer contributions made during the measurement period. At June 30, 2024, the School's proportion was 0.1438%, which was a decrease of 0.0053% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School recognized OPEB expense of \$332,572. At June 30, 2025, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Net difference between projected and		
actual investment earnings	\$ 12,096	\$ -
Changes in proportions	618,402	1,074,122
Changes in assumptions	620,660	2,653,323
Net difference between expected and		
actual experience	271,285	619,540
Contributions subsequent to the date of		
measurement	967,866	-
	\$ 2,490,309	\$ 4,346,985

An amount of \$967,866 is reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from the School's contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2024 measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2026. Other amounts will be reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year	Ending	June	30,

2026	\$ (335,725)
2027	(799,619)
2028	(694,792)
2029	(698,464)
2030	(247,216)
Thereafter	(48,726)
	\$(2,824,542)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (cont'd)

Actuarial Assumptions

The collective total OPEB liability as of the June 30, 2024 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, with update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2024. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate 4.46%
- Projected salary increases 3.25% plus merit including inflation
- Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
- Healthcare cost trend rates Blended rate of 8.80% for 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.94% for 2042
- Spousal coverage 50% of employees will elect spouse coverage at retirement
- Percentage of retirees 50% of employees not currently covered are expected to elect coverage before retirement. All employees are expected to remain in currently enrolled plans. The following retirees are expected to elect coverage:
 - o 95% of employees with more than 20 years of service
 - o 80% of employees with less than 20 years of service
 - 40% of current and future terminated vested employees
 - o 100% of long-term disability participants

The Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method was used to value the Plan's actuarial liabilities and to set the normal cost. Under this method, the normal cost rate is the percentage of pay contribution which would be sufficient to fund the Plan's benefits if it were paid from each member's entry into the Plan until termination or retirement.

Mortality rates were based on the Sex-distinct Employee, Healthy Annuitant, and Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables derived from the Pub-2010 General Benefits Weighted Annuitant Mortality Table, including adjustment factors. Future mortality improvements are reflected by applying a custom projection scale on a generational basis to adjusted base tables from the base year.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by an asset allocation percentage which is based on the nature of mix of current and expected plan investments, and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Trust's current and expected asset allocation as of June 30, 2024 are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (cont'd)

Asset Class	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Asser Class	Kale of Refail
Domestic equity	5.7%
International equity	5.7%
Fixed income	2.0%
Alternative investments	7.8%
Cash and equivalents	0.0%

The total OPEB liabilities are measured based on the assumptions pertaining to interest rates, inflation rates, and employee demographic behavior in future years. The assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted in 2021 and covering the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2020. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate for June 30, 2024 assumed that employer contributions will be made at amounts equal to those outlined in Senate Bill 175 (at least 1% of the grand total of all State General Fund operating budget appropriations for the prior fiscal year) as well as 0.36% of covered payroll. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members until approximately 2040. As such, projected benefit payments are discounted at the long term expected return on assets of 7.00% to the extent the fiduciary net position is available to make the payments and the municipal bond rate of 3.93%, based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index, thereafter to the extent they are not available. The resulting single equivalent rate used to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024 was 4.46%.

<u>Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 4.46%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.46%) or one percentage point higher (5.46%) than the current rate.

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	3.46%	4.46%	5.46%
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 13,811,188	\$11,622,750	\$ 10,010,186

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (cont'd)

<u>Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates</u>

The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 8.8%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower (7.80%) or one percentage point higher (9.80%) than the current rate.

	Current				
	1%	Healthcare	1%		
	Decrease	Trend Rate	Increase		
	7.80%	8.80%	9.80%		
School's proportionate share of					
the net OPEB liability	\$ 9,869,759	\$11,622,750	\$ 13,710,673		

<u>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the PERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which can be found on the Plan's website at www.delawarepensions.com.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The School has purchased commercial insurance policies for various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. Payments of premiums for these policies are recorded as expenses of the School. Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past year.

NOTE 8 <u>UNCERTAINTIES</u>

<u>Grants</u>

The School receives financial assistance from federal agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the State Office of Auditor of Accounts and other federal agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund. The School's administration believes such disallowance, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9 FUND BALANCES

As of June 30, 2025, fund balances are composed of the following:

	 General Fund	Seahawk CLS Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Committed:					
Westover	\$ 105,899	\$ -	\$ -	\$	105,899
Capital	559,675	-	-		559,675
JROTC	118,186	-	-		118,186
Restricted:					
Capital projects	-	-	105,156		105,156
Debt service	-	48,346	-		48,346
Unassigned	 2,655,652	 	 		2,655,652
Total Fund Balances	\$ 3,439,412	\$ 48,346	\$ 105,156	\$	3,592,914

During 2007, the School received contributions of \$30,014 to be held in investments. The monies held are to be spent at the discretion of the Board of Directors. As of June 30, 2025, the balance was \$105,899. In addition, the Board has committed \$559,675 for future capital needs and \$118,186 for the JROTC program as of June 30, 2025.

NOTE 10 <u>INTERNAL TRANSFERS</u>

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2025 are as follows:

Transfer In	Transfer Out	Amount
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	\$ 256,740
Seahawk CLS Fund	General Fund	\$ 570,600

Transfers from the general fund to the capital projects and the Seahawk CLS funds were to cover current year debt service payments and capital outlays. There were no interfund payables or receivables as of June 30, 2025.

NOTE 11 DEFICIT NET POSITION

For governmental activities, the unrestricted net deficit amount of \$10,970,484 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of pension and OPEB contributions made subsequent to the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 11 DEFICIT NET POSITION (cont'd)

measurement date of the net pension and OPEB liabilities, and the deferred outflows related to the pension and OPEB plans. This is offset by the School's actuarially determined pension and OPEB liabilities, and the deferred inflows related to the pension and OPEB plans.

NOTE 12 EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The School incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations in the following categories for the year ended June 30, 2025:

Salaries	\$ 359,610
Benefits and employment costs	\$ 387,715
Insurance	\$ 7,277
Repairs and maintenance	\$ 202,311
Supplies and materials	\$ 965,384
Capital outlays – equipment	\$ 29,099

The excess expenditures were covered through the use of existing fund balance.

NOTE 13 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the school implemented GASB Statement No. 101 Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The net result of this change is an increase of \$173,771 in net deficit in its governmental activities. The effect of that change to the financial reporting resulted in adjustments to and restatements of beginning net position, as follows:

	6/30/2024 as Previously Reported	Change in Accounting Principle	6/30/2024 as Restated		
Government-wide					
Governmental activities	\$ (9,130,827)	\$ (173,771)	\$ (9,304,598)		
Total Primary Government	\$ (9,130,827)	\$ (173,771)	\$ (9,304,598)		

NOTE 14 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The School has evaluated all subsequent events through October 9, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

				Variance with Final Budget
		l Amounts	Actual	Positive
REVENUES	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)
Charges to school districts State aid	\$ 2,736,000 4,937,332	\$ 2,764,000 4,937,332	\$ 2,371,847 5,598,089	\$ (392,153) 660,757
Federal aid	601,496	506,632	162,901	(343,731)
Food service	125,000	125,000	99,883	(25,117)
Cadet fees	404,500	404,500	230,330	(174,170)
Gain on investments	-	-	279,530	279,530
Contributions	484,229	499,389	265,986	(233,403)
TOTAL REVENUES	9,288,557	9,236,853	9,008,566	(228,287)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Salaries	4,010,814	4,042,636	4,402,246	(359,610)
Benefits and employment costs	1,859,799	1,870,281	2,257,996	(387,715)
Travel	2,500	2,500	2,384	116
Contractual services	845,555	845,555	304,041	541,514
Communications	8,500	8,500	5,854	2,646
Public utility services	121,000	121,000	120,155	845
Insurance	60,639	60,639	67,916	(7,277)
Land/building/facilities	187,423	187,416	89,149	98,267
Repairs and maintenance	157,500	157,500	359,811	(202,311)
Student activities	293,000	293,000	114,144	178,856
Supplies and materials	136,750	136,750	1,102,134	(965,384)
Capital outlays: Equipment	2,500	2,500	21 500	(20,000)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,685,980	7,728,277	31,599 8,857,429	(29,099) (1,129,152)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,000,900	1,120,211	0,037,429	(1,129,132)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,602,577	1,508,576	151,137	(1,357,439)
OVER (ONDER) EXILINOTES	1,002,011	1,000,070	101,107	(1,007,100)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(827,340)	(827,340)	(827,340)	-
Contingency	(173,741)	(174,604)		174,604
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,001,081)	(1,001,944)	(827,340)	174,604
NET CHANCE IN CUIND DALANCE	CO4 40C	500,000	(070,000)	(4.400.005)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	601,496	506,632	(676,203)	(1,182,835)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,115,615	4,115,615	4,115,615	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 4,717,111	\$ 4,622,247	\$ 3,439,412	\$ (1,182,835)

Note: The School's budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

					MEASUREN	MENT DATE				
PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY	JUNE 30, 2024	JUNE 30, 2023	JUNE 30, 2022	JUNE 30, 2021	JUNE 30, 2020	JUNE 30, 2019	JUNE 30, 2018	JUNE 30, 2017	JUNE 30, 2016	JUNE 30, 2015
School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.1483%	0.1542%	0.1476%	0.1589%	0.1514%	0.1534%	0.1538%	0.1461%	0.1460%	0.1418%
School's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) - dollar value	\$ 2,315,379	\$ 2,416,136	\$ 2,019,276	\$ (1,936,434)	\$ 2,128,243	\$ 2,389,224	\$ 1,985,657	\$ 2,142,456	\$ 2,200,789	\$ 943,136
School's covered employee payroll	\$ 3,901,366	\$ 3,729,247	\$ 3,404,353	\$ 3,472,839	\$ 3,263,855	\$ 3,184,387	\$ 3,052,668	\$ 2,846,952	\$ 2,785,292	\$ 2,643,954
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	59.35%	64.79%	59.31%	-55.76%	65.21%	75.03%	65.05%	75.25%	79.01%	35.67%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	88.29%	87.60%	88.76%	110.48%	87.27%	85.41%	87.49%	85.31%	84.11%	92.67%

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

CONTRIBUTIONS	JUNE 30, 2025	JUNE 30, 2024	JUNE 30, 2023	JUNE 30, 2022	JUNE 30, 2021	JUNE 30, 2020	JUNE 30, 2019	JUNE 30, 2018	JUNE 30, 2017	JUNE 30, 2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 515,193	\$ 456,850	\$ 415,811	\$ 423,842	\$ 428,201	\$ 390,357	\$ 376,713	\$ 318,088	\$ 272,738	\$ 266,831
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	515,193	456,850	415,811	423,842	428,201	390,357	376,713	318,088	272,738	266,831
Contribution excess	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
School's covered employee payroll	\$ 4,144,755	\$ 3,901,366	\$ 3,729,247	\$ 3,404,353	\$ 3,472,839	\$ 3,263,855	\$ 3,184,387	\$ 3,052,668	\$ 2,846,952	\$ 2,785,292
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	12.43%	11.71%	11.15%	12.45%	12.33%	11.96%	11.83%	10.42%	9.58%	9.58%

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

	MEASUREMENT DATE								
PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY	JUNE 30, 2024	JUNE 30, 2023	JUNE 30, 2022	JUNE 30, 2021	JUNE 30, 2020	JUNE 30, 2019	JUNE 30, 2018	JUNE 30, 2017	
School's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.1438%	0.1491%	0.1430%	0.1535%	0.1478%	0.1494%	0.1499%	0.1428%	
School's proportion of the net OPEB liability - dollar value	\$ 11,622,750	\$ 12,270,630	\$ 12,124,575	\$ 15,480,054	\$ 15,387,048	\$ 11,903,797	\$ 12,303,464	\$ 11,789,102	
School's covered employee payroll	\$ 3,901,366	\$ 3,729,247	\$ 3,404,353	\$ 3,472,839	\$ 3,263,855	\$ 3,184,387	\$ 3,052,668	\$ 2,846,952	
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	297.91%	329.04%	356.15%	445.75%	471.44%	373.82%	403.04%	414.10%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	10.59%	7.71%	6.43%	6.06%	4.27%	4.89%	4.44%	4.13%	

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively as the above information for the preceding years is not readily available. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

CONTRIBUTIONS	JUNE 30, 2025	JUNE 30, 2024	JUNE 30, 2023	JUNE 30, 2022	JUNE 30, 2021	JUNE 30, 2020	JUNE 30, 2019	JUNE 30, 2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 967,866	\$ 624,684	\$ 558,602	\$ 390,843	\$ 409,883	\$ 408,373	\$ 375,396	\$ 336,615
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	967,866	624,684	558,602	390,843	409,883	408,373	375,396	336,615
Contribution excess	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
School's covered employee payroll	\$ 4,144,755	\$ 3,901,366	\$ 3,729,247	\$ 3,404,353	\$ 3,472,839	\$ 3,263,855	\$ 3,184,387	\$ 3,052,668
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	23.35%	16.01%	14.98%	11.48%	11.80%	12.51%	11.79%	11.03%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule has been prepared prospectively as the above information for the preceding years is not readily available. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.



DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2025

	State Allocation	Local Funding	Federal Funding	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and pooled cash	\$ 73,214	\$ 4,436,370	\$ -	\$4,509,584
Investments	<u> </u>	105,899	<u></u> _	105,899
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 73,214	\$ 4,542,269	\$ -	\$ 4,615,483
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Accrued salaries and employment costs TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 78,580 - 78,580	\$ 8,604 1,088,887 1,097,491	\$ - - -	\$ 87,184 1,088,887 1,176,071
FUND BALANCES:				
Committed	-	783,760	-	783,760
Unassigned (deficit)	(5,366)	2,661,018		2,655,652
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	(5,366)	3,444,778		3,439,412
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 73,214	\$ 4,542,269	\$ -	\$ 4,615,483

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

REVENUES	State Allocation	Local Funding	Federal Funding	Total
Charges to school districts	\$ -	\$ 2,371,847	\$ -	\$ 2,371,847
State aid	5,598,089	Ψ 2,07 1,017	Ψ -	5,598,089
Federal aid	-	_	162,901	162,901
Food service	_	99,883	-	99,883
Cadet fees	-	230,330	-	230,330
Gain on investments	-	279,530	-	279,530
Contributions		265,986		265,986
TOTAL REVENUES	5,598,089	3,247,576	162,901	9,008,566
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Instructional services	4,498,379	2,626,289	151,425	7,276,093
Operation and maintenance of facilities	613,603	291,226	5,191	910,020
Transportation	408,022	-	-	408,022
Food service	-	142,546	-	142,546
Capital outlays:				
Property	89,149	-	-	89,149
Equipment	22,335	2,979	6,285	31,599
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,631,488	3,063,040	162,901	8,857,429
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES)	(33,399)	184,536		151,137
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out		(827,340)		(827,340)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(827,340)		(827,340)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(33,399)	(642,804)	-	(676,203)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	28,033	4,087,582		4,115,615
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ (5,366)	\$ 3,444,778	\$ -	\$ 3,439,412

DELAWARE MILITARY ACADEMY CHARTER SCHOOL SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES BY NATURAL CLASSIFICATION - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

EXPENDITURES

Current:	
Salaries	\$ 4,402,246
Benefits and employment costs	2,257,996
Travel	2,384
Contractual services	304,041
Communications	5,854
Public utility services	120,155
Insurance	67,916
Land/building/facilities	141,344
Repairs and maintenance	359,811
Student activites	114,144
Supplies and materials	1,102,134
Miscellaneous	18
Capital outlays:	
Equipment	31,599
Debt service:	
Principal	404,247
Interest	 423,093
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 9,736,982



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON
INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 9, 2025

Board of Directors Delaware Military Academy Charter School Wilmington, Delaware

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Delaware Military Academy Charter School ("the School"), Wilmington, Delaware, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 9, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Board of Directors

Delaware Military Academy Charter School

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Barbacane, Thornton & Company LLP
BARBACANE, THORNTON & COMPANY LLP